Color Picture Tube

Perma-Chrome 90° Rectangular	Banded-Type	Ei	nzel-Lens	Focus
Blue-Gun-Down Oper	ation	Unit	y Current	Katios
ELECTRICAL Electron Guns, Three w Tilted Toward Tube	rith Axes Axis]	Red, Blue,	Green
Heater, of Each Gun Se Connected within Tub Each of the Other Tw Current at 6.3 Va	oe with o Heaters:		900	m A
Focusing Method			Electro	ostatic
Focus Lens				tential
-			agnetic	
Deflection Method				_
_	• • • • • • • • • •	• •	IVI	gnetic
Deflection Angles: Diagonal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		89 78 63	deg. deg. deg.
Grid No.1 of any gun to all other electro Grid No.4 to all other			7.5 6	pF pF
All cathodes to all of	ther electrodes.		15	pF
External conductive to anode	coating		{2100 max {1500 min	
OPTICAL				
			Filte	erglass
Light transmission at (Approx.)	center			43.5%
Surface			Po	lished
Screen, on Inner Surface	e of Faceplate:			
Type Aluminized, Tricolor, Phosphor-Dot				
Phosphor (three separate phosphors, collectively) P22-New Rare-Earth (Red), Sulfide (Blue & Green) Type				
Fluorescence and pho of separate phosph respectively	sphorescence			
Persistence of group phosphorescence Medium Short				
Dot Arrangement	Triangul red dot, b	ar gro	oup consis	ting of en dot
Spacing between center dot trios (Approx.)	s of adjacent	. 0	.023 in (0.	58 mm)



MECHANICAL

Minimum Screen Area (Projected) . 180 sq. in (1161 sq. of Bulb Funnel Designation JEDEC No.J153 Bulb Panel Designation JEDEC No.FP155-Base Designation JEDEC No.14 Pin Position Alignment JEDEC No.14 Pin Position Alignment	A1 1/2 pin BH rox. tact Top			
MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS, Design-Maximum Values	j			
Unless otherwise specified, values are for each gun and voltage values are positive with respect to cathode				
Anode Voltage	V V			
Total Anode Current,	٧			
Long-Term Average	μΑ			
Positive value 1100 max.	V			
Negative value 550 max.	V			
Peak Grid-No.2 Voltage, Including Video Signal Voltage 1000 max. Grid-No.1 Voltage:	V			
Negative bias value 400 max.	V			
Negative operating cutoff value 140 max.	V			
Positive bias value 0 max.	V			
Positive peak value 2 max.	V			
Heater Voltage (ac or dc):	V			
Under operating conditions 6 {6.9 max. 5.7 min.	v			
Under standby conditions ^d 5.5 max.	v			
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage:	•			
Heater negative with respect to cathode:				
During equipment warm-up period				
not exceeding 15 seconds 450 max.	V			
After equipment warm-up period:	V			
Combined AC and DC value 200 max. DC component value	V			
Heater positive with respect to cathode:	•			
AC component value 200 max.	V			
DC component value 0 max.	v			
EQUIPMENT DESIGN RANGES				
Unless otherwise specified, values are for each gun and voltage values are positive with respect to cathode				
For anode voltages between 17,000 and 22,500 V				
Grid-No.4 (Focusing Electrode) Voltage75 to 400	V			

Grid-No.2 and Grid-No.1 Voltages for Visual Extinction of Focused Spot See CUTOFF DESIGN CHART Maximum Ratio of Grid-No.2 Voltages, Highest Gun to Lowest Gun in Any Tube (At grid-No.1 spot cutoff
voltage of -100 V) 1.86
Heater Voltage:
Under operating conditions 6.3 V
Under standby conditions ^d 5.0 V
Grid-No.4 Current (Total) $-60 \text{ to } +60 \mu\text{A}$
Grid-No.2 Current
To Produce White of 9300° K + 27 M.P.C.D. (CIE Coordinates x=0.281, y=0.311):
Percentage of total anode current supplied by Red Blue Green each gun (average)
Ratio of cathode currents: Min. Typ. Max. Red/blue 0.75 1.10 1.50 Red/green 0.65 1.00 1.50 Blue/green 0.60 0.91 1.30
Displacements, Measured at Center of Screen:
Raster centering displacement:
Horizontal ± 0.47 in (± 11.9 mm)
Vertical ± 0.45 in (± 11.4 mm)
Lateral distance between the blue beam and the converged red and green beams ± 0.25 in (± 6.4 mm)
Radial convergence displacement excluding effects of dynamic convergence (each beam) ± 0.37 in (± 9.4 mm)
Maximum Required Correction for Registere(Including Effect of Earth's Magnetic Field when Using Recommended Components) as Measured at the center of the Screen in any Direction 0.005 in (0.13 mm) max.
LIMITING CIRCUIT VALUES Effective grid-No.1-to-cathode-circuit resistance (each gun) 0.75 max. M Ω
The low-voltage circuits, including all heater circuits, should be analyzed by assuming the color picture tube heater is connected directly to the receiver chassis ground. Under these conditions the circuits to the elements of all tubes, including the color picture tube, operating from the same heater winding and all connections of any other circuits to the heater winding should each have an impedance such that their respective power sources in combination will not supply a continuous

short circuit current of more than 750 mA total in the assumed picture tube heater ground connection. The leads from all other circuits must be separated from the picture tube leads by a minimum distance of 0.25 inch (6.4 mm) to prevent energy transfer to the picture tube circuits. Such current limitation will help prevent picture tube damage in case of momentary cascade arcing.

- a For maximum cathode life, it is recommended that the heater supply be regulated at 6.3 volts. The series impedance to any chassis connection in the DC biasing circuit for the heater should be between 100,000 ohms and 1 megohm.
- For curve, see Group Phosphor-P22-New Rare-Earth (Red), Sulfide (Blue & Green) at front of this section.
- c The mating socket, including its associated, physicallyattached hardware and circuitry, must not weigh more than one pound.
- d For "instant on" applications, a maximum heater voltage of 5.5 volts (design-maximum value) may be maintained on the color picture tube when the receiver is in the "off" (standby) position. All other voltages normally applied to the tube must be removed during standby operation.
- e Register is defined as the relative position of the beam trios with respect to the associated phosphor-dot trios.

X-RADIATION WARNING

Because the 19HYP22 is designed to be operated at anode voltages as high as 22.5 kilovolts (design-maximum value), shielding of the 19HYP22 for X-radiation may be needed to protect against possible injury from prolonged exposure at close range.

BASE SPECIFICATION - JEDEC No. 14BH

Pin 1: Heater

Pin 2: Cathode of Red Gun

Pin 3: Grid No.1 of Red Gun

Pin 4: Grid No.2 of Red Gun

Pin 5: Grid No.2 of Green Gun

Pin 6: Cathode of Green Gun

Pin 7: Grid No.1 of Green Gun

Pin 9: Grid No.4

Pin11: Cathode of Blue Gun

Pin 12: Grid No.1 of Blue Gun

Pin 13: Grid No.2 of Blue Gun

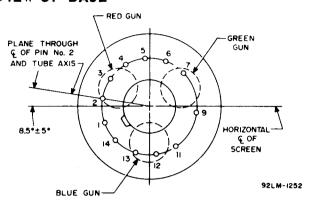
Pin 14: Heater

Cap: Anode (Grid No.3, Grid No.5, Screen,

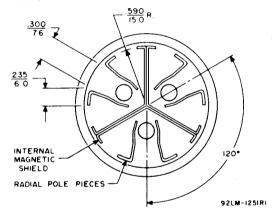
Collector)

C: External Conductive Coating

BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE



LOCATION OF RADICAL-CONVERGING POLE PIECES VIEWED FROM SCREEN END OF GUNS



NOTES FOR DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE

Note 1: With tube neck inserted through flared end of reference-line and neck-funnel-contour gauge (JEDEC No.G162) and with tube seated in gauge, the reference line is determined by the intersection of the plane C-C' of the gauge with the glass funnel.

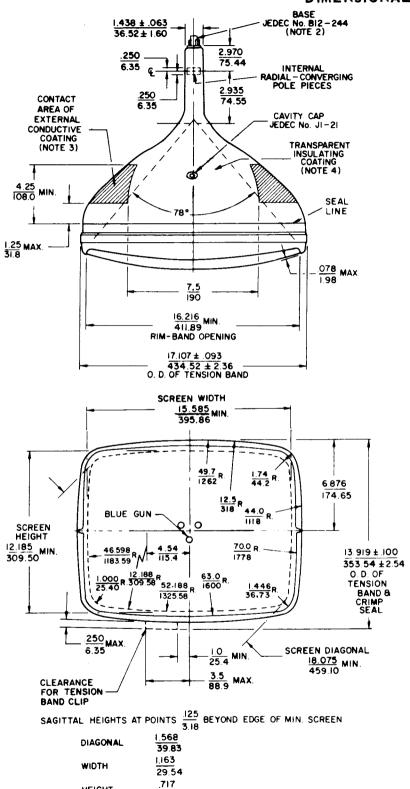
Note 2: Socket for this base should not be rigidly mounted; it should have flexible leads and be allowed to move freely. Bottom circumference of base will fall within a 2-inch (51-mm) circle concentric with bulb axis.

Note 3: The drawing shows the size and location of the contact area of the external conductive coating. The actual area of this coating will be greater than that of the contact area so as to provide the required capacitance. External conductive coating must be grounded with multiple contacts.

Note 4: To clean this area, wipe only with soft, dry, lintless cloth.

Note 5: Tension band must not extend beyond edge of rim band.

DIMENSIONAL

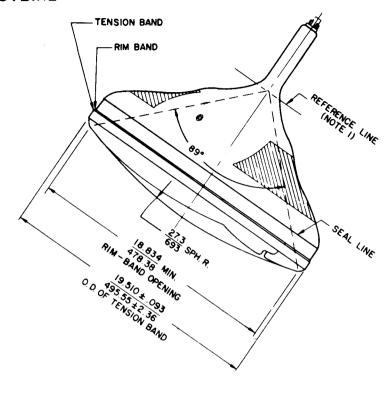


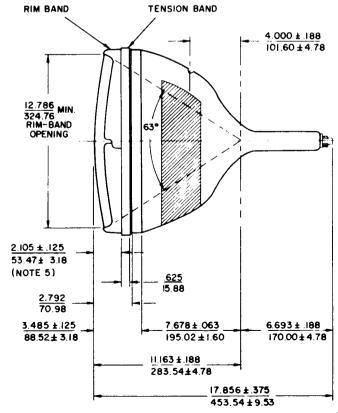
Dimensions in Inches/mm unless otherwise noted.

18.21

HEIGHT

OUTLINE





92LL - 2764RI

CUTOFF DESIGN CHART

